#### <u>AMENDMENTS</u>

Please amend the present application as follows:

#### In the Claims

- 1-19. (Cancelled)
- 20. (Previously presented) A storage system, comprising:

a first iSCSI controller operable to receive a SCSI I/O request over a TCP/IP network; and

a second iSCSI controller coupled to the first iSCSI controller, wherein the first iSCSI controller is configured to copy the SCSI I/O request to memory associated with the second iSCSI controller and acknowledge to a host that the SCSI I/O request has been committed, and wherein responsive to detecting a failure of the first iSCSI controller, if the second iSCSI controller determines that the SCSI I/O request has been committed but not completed, the second iSCSI controller assumes the network address of the first iSCSI controller, retrieves the copy of the SCSI I/O request from the memory, and completes the SCSI I/O request.

- 21. (Cancelled)
- 22. (Cancelled)
- 23. (Previously presented) The system of claim 20, wherein the second iSCSI controller includes a first network address and a second network address, the first network address

Art Unit: 2113

corresponding to a network address of the second iSCSI controller and the second network

address corresponding to the network address of the first iSCSI controller.

24. (Previously presented) The system of claim 20, further including a first iSCSI TCP/IP

protocol stack coupled between the first iSCSI controller and the network, and a second

iSCSI TCP/IP protocol stack coupled between the second iSCSI controller and the network.

25. (Previously presented) The system of claim 20, wherein the first iSCSI controller and

the second iSCSI controller are each configured to communicate with a remotely located host

server over the network.

(Previously presented) The system of claim 20, wherein SCSI I/O request is removed 26.

from the second iSCSI controller at a time corresponding to the completion of the SCSI I/O

request.

27. (Previously presented) The system of claim 20, wherein the storage system includes a

fiber channel storage unit.

28. (Previously presented) The system of claim 20, wherein the second iSCSI controller

assuming the network address of the first iSCSI controller further comprises retrieving the

network address of the first iSCSI controller from the memory.

29. (Previously presented) A storage method, comprising:

receiving at a first TCP/IP network address a SCSI I/O request;

copying the SCSI I/O request;

3

storing the copy of the SCSI I/O request at a second TCP/IP network address and acknowledging to a host that the SCSI I/O request has been committed;

detecting whether the SCSI I/O request can be processed at the first TCP/IP network address;

responsive to detecting that the SCSI I/O request cannot be processed at the first TCP/IP network address, determining whether the SCSI I/O request has been committed but not completed;

responsive to determining that the SCSI I/O request has been committed but not completed, assuming the first TCP/IP network address from the second TCP/IP network address;

retrieving the copy of the SCSI I/O request; and

writing or reading data corresponding to the copy of the SCSI I/O request to or from a storage system.

- 30. (Cancelled)
- 31. (Cancelled)
- 32. (Previously presented) The method of claim 29, wherein receiving a SCSI I/O request includes receiving the SCSI I/O request over a TCP/IP network from the host.
- 33. (Previously presented) The method of claim 29, wherein assuming the first TCP/IP network address responsive to determining that the SCSI I/O request has been committed further comprises retrieving the first TCP/IP network address from memory.

# 34. (Previously presented) A storage system, comprising:

means for detecting whether a SCSI I/O request can be processed at a first TCP/IP network address;

responsive to detecting that the SCSI I/O request cannot be processed at the first TCP/IP network address, means for determining whether the SCSI I/O request has been committed;

responsive to determining that the SCSI I/O request has been committed, means for assuming the first TCP/IP network address from a second TCP/IP network address;

means for retrieving a copy of the SCSI I/O request; and

means for writing or reading data corresponding to the copy of the SCSI I/O request to or from a storage system.

# 35. (Previously presented) A network controller for use on a network, comprising:

a communication port configured to receive status information and a copy of a SCSI I/O request from a second network controller and a SCSI I/O request over a TCP/IP network;

a memory configured to store the copy of the SCSI I/O request; and

logic configured to detect a failure of the second network controller and determine whether the SCSI I/O request has been committed by the second network controller, wherein responsive to determining that the SCSI I/O request has been committed, the logic further configured to assume the network address of the second network controller, retrieve the copy of the SCSI I/O request from the memory, and write or read data corresponding to the copy of the SCSI I/O request to or from a storage system.

#### 36. (Cancelled)

Serial No. 09/989,652 Art Unit: 2113

37. (Cancelled)

38. (Previously presented) The network controller of claim 35, wherein the logic is

configured to assign the network controller with a primary network address and a secondary

network address, the primary network address corresponding to the network address of the

network controller before detected failure of the second network controller, the secondary

network address corresponding to the network address of the second network controller

substantially upon detected failure of the second network controller.

39. (Previously presented) The network controller of claim 35, further including an iSCSI

TCP/IP protocol stack coupled between the network controller and the network.

40. (Previously presented) The network controller of claim 35, wherein the network

controller is configured as an iSCSI controller.

41. (Previously presented) The network controller of claim 35, wherein the logic is

configured to communicate with a remotely located host server over the network.

42. (Previously presented) The network controller of claim 35, wherein the network

includes an IP network.

43. (Previously presented) The network controller of claim 35, further including a second

communication port configured to enable access to the storage system.

6

44. (Previously presented) The network controller of claim 35, wherein the logic assuming the network address responsive to determining that the SCSI I/O request has been committed further comprises the logic retrieving the network address of the second network controller from the memory.

# 45. (Cancelled)

46. (Previously presented) A storage system, comprising:

a first iSCSI controller; and

a second iSCSI controller, the second iSCSI controller coupled to the first iSCSI controller, the first iSCSI controller configured to receive an I/O request over a network, wherein responsive to the second iSCSI controller detecting a failure of the first iSCSI controller, the second iSCSI controller assumes the network address of the first iSCSI controller, identifies to a server that the second iSCSI controller has assumed the network address of the first iSCSI controller, receives the I/O request resent from the server, and writes or reads data corresponding to the resent I/O request to or from a storage system.

47. (Previously presented) A storage method, comprising:

receiving at a first TCP/IP network address a SCSI I/O request;

detecting whether the SCSI I/O request can be processed at the first TCP/IP network address;

responsive to detecting that the SCSI I/O request cannot be processed at the first TCP/IP network address, assuming the first TCP/IP network address from a second TCP/IP network address;

Serial No. 09/989,652 Art Unit: 2113

identifying to a server the assumption of the first TCP/IP network address from the second TCP/IP network address;

receiving the SCSI I/O request resent from the server; and

writing or reading data corresponding to the resent SCSI I/O request to or from a storage system.

48. (Previously presented) The system of claim 34, further comprising means for acknowledging to a host that the SCSI I/O request has been committed.